

Features

- Operating voltage: 3.5V~5.5V
- Bell 202 FSK and V.23 demodulation
- Ring detection input and output
- Carrier detection output
- Power down mode
- High input sensitivity
- HT9032C: 16-pin DIP/SOP package
- HT9032D: 8-pin DIP/SOP package

Applications

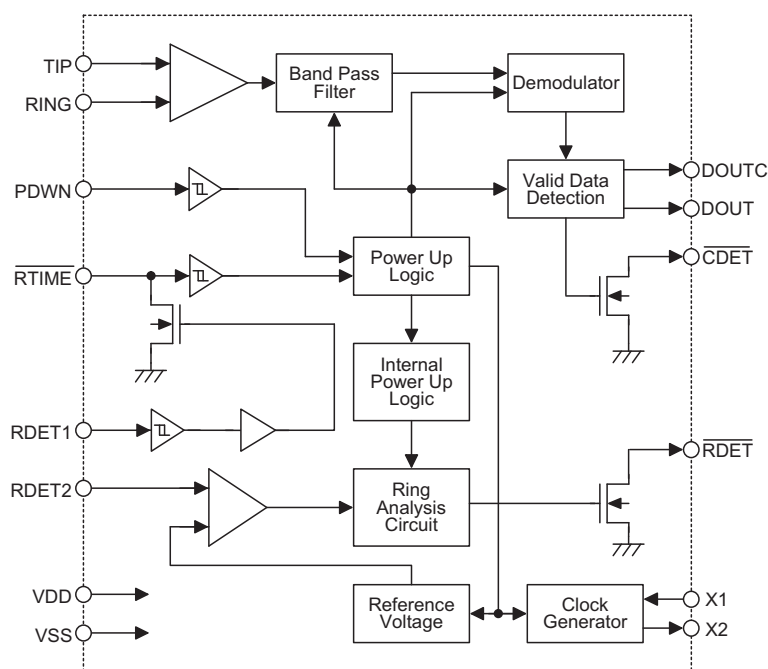
- Feature phones
- Caller ID adjunct boxes
- Fax and answering machines
- Computer telephony interface products
- ADSI products

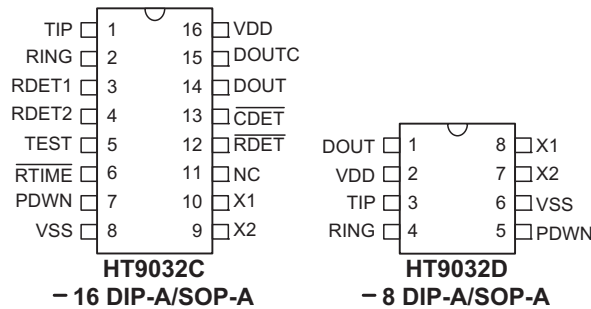
General Description

The HT9032 calling line identification receiver is a low power CMOS integrated circuit designed for receiving physical layer signals transmitted according to Bellcore TR-NWT-000030 and ITU-T V.23 specifications. The primary application of this device is for products used to

receive and display the calling number, or message waiting indicator sent to subscribers from the central office facilities. The device also provides a carrier detection circuit and a ring detection circuit for easier system applications.

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment

Pin Description

| Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|--------------------------|-----|---|
| Power Inputs | | |
| VDD | — | Power-VDD is the input power for the internal logic. |
| VSS | — | Ground-VSS is ground connection for the internal logic. |
| PDWN | I | A logic "1" on this pin puts the chip in power down mode. When a logic "0" is on this pin, the chip in power up mode. This is a Schmitt trigger input. |
| Clock | | |
| X1 | I | A crystal or ceramic resonator should be connected to this pin and X2. This pin may be driven from an external clock source. |
| X2 | O | A crystal or ceramic resonator should be connected to this pin and X1. |
| Ring Detections | | |
| RDET1 | I | It detects ring energy on the line through an attenuating network and enables the oscillator and ring detection. This is a Schmitt trigger input. |
| RDET2 | I | It couples the ring signal to the precision ring detector through an attenuating network. $\overline{RDET} = "0"$ if a valid ring signal is detected. This is a Schmitt trigger input. |
| \overline{RTIME} | I/O | An RC network may be connected to this pin in order to hold the pin voltage below 2.2V between the peaks of the ringing signal. This pin controls internal power up and activates the partial circuitry needed to determine whether the incoming ring is valid or not. The input is a Schmitt trigger input. The output cell structure is an NMOS output. |
| FSK Signal Inputs | | |
| TIP | I | This input pin is connected to the tip side of the twisted pair wires. It is internally biased to $1/2 V_{DD}$ when the device is in power up mode. This pin must be DC isolated from the line. |
| RING | I | This input pin is connected to the ring side of the twisted pair wires. It is internally biased to $1/2 V_{DD}$ when the device is in power up mode. This pin must be DC isolated from the line. |
| Detection Results | | |
| \overline{RDET} | O | This open drain output goes low when a valid ringing signal is detected. When connected to PDWN pin, this pin can be used for auto power up. |
| \overline{CDET} | O | This open drain output goes low indicating that a valid carrier is present on the line. A hysteresis is built-in to allow for a momentary drop out of the carrier. When connected to PDWN pin, this pin can be used for auto power up. |
| DOUT | O | This pin presents the output of the demodulator when chip in power up mode. This data stream includes the alternate "1" and "0" pattern, the marking, and the data. At all other times, this pin is held high. |
| DOUTC | O | This output presents the output of the demodulator when chip in power up mode and when an internal validation sequence has been successfully passed. This data stream does not include the alternate "1" and "0" pattern. This pin is always held high. |
| TEST | O | Output pin for testing purposes only. |
| NC | — | No connection |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 Voltages are referenced to V_{SS} , except where noted.

Supply Voltage-0.5V to 6.0V All Input Voltages.....25mW

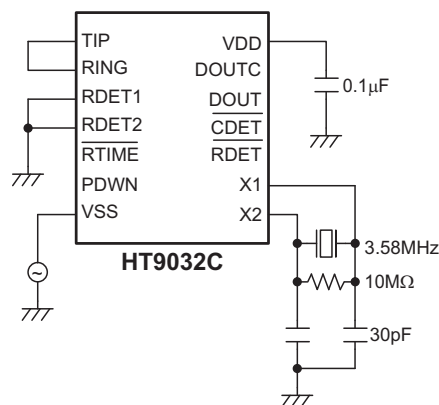
Operating Temperature Range0°C to 70°C Storage Temperature Range-40°C to 150°C

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

D.C. Characteristics

 Crystal=3.58MHz, $T_a=0\sim 70^\circ\text{C}$

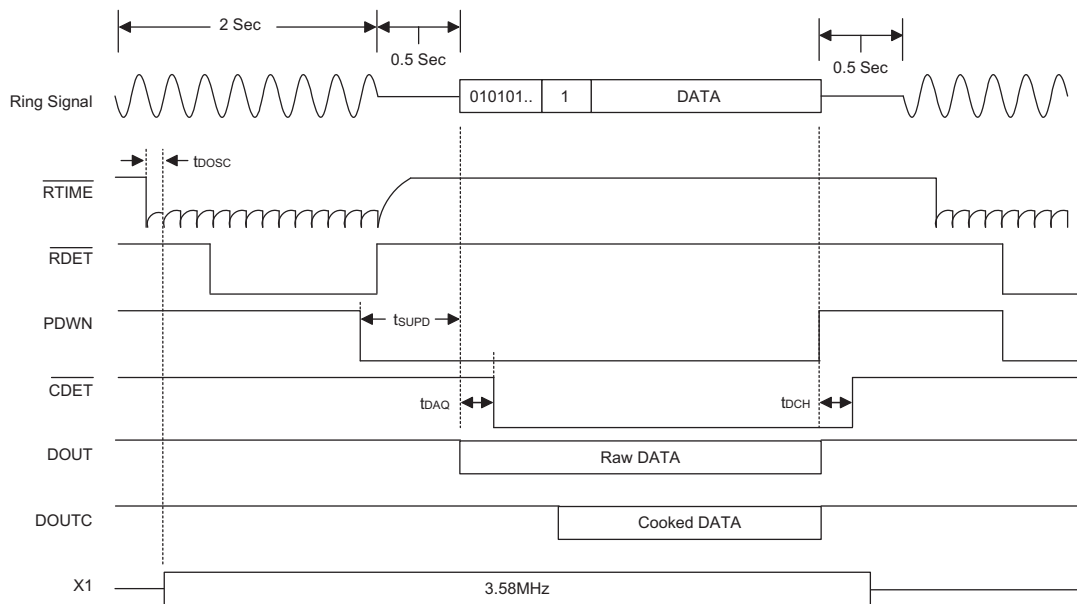
| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|------|------|------|---------------|
| | | V_{DD} | Conditions | | | | |
| V_{DD} | Supply Voltage | — | — | 3.5 | 5 | 5.5 | V |
| I_{DD1} | Supply Current | 5V | PDWN=0 (3.58MHz OSC on) | — | 3.2 | 5 | mA |
| I_{DD2} | Supply Current | 5V | PDWN=1 and $\overline{RTIME}=0$ (3.58MHz OSC on and internal circuits partially on) | — | 1.9 | 2.5 | mA |
| I_{STBY} | Standby Current | 5V | PDWN=1 and $\overline{RTIME}=1$ (3.58MHz OSC off) | — | — | 1 | μA |
| V_{IL} | Input Voltage Logic 0 | 5V | — | — | — | 0.2V | V_{DD} |
| V_{IH} | Input Voltage Logic 1 | 5V | — | 0.8V | — | — | V_{DD} |
| I_{OL} | Output Voltage Logic 0 | 5V | $I_{OL}=1.6\text{mA}$ | — | — | 0.1V | V_{DD} |
| I_{OH} | Output Voltage Logic 1 | 5V | $I_{OH}=0.8\text{mA}$ | 0.9V | — | — | V_{DD} |
| I_{IN} | Input Leakage Current, All Inputs | 5V | — | -1 | — | 1 | μA |
| V_{T-} | Input Low Threshold Voltage | 5V | RDET1, \overline{RTIME} , PDWN | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.6 | V |
| V_{T+} | Input High Threshold Voltage | 5V | RDET1, \overline{RTIME} , PDWN | 2.5 | 2.75 | 3.0 | V |
| V_{TRDET2} | Input Threshold Voltage | 5V | RDET2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | V |
| R_{IN} | Input DC Resistance | 5V | TIP, RING | — | 500 | — | k Ω |



Supply current testing: All, except PDWN and \overline{RTIME} , unwired pins are left floating.

A.C. Characteristics – FSK Detection
 $V_{SS}=0V$, Crystal=3.58MHz, $T_a=0$ to $70^{\circ}C$, $0dBm=0.7746V_{rms}$ @ 600Ω

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|---|-----------------|---|------|------------------------|------|------|
| | | V_{DD} | Conditions | | | | |
| | Input Sensitivity: TIP, RING | 5V | | -40 | -45 | — | dBm |
| S/N | Signal to Noise Ratio | 5V | | — | 20 | — | dB |
| | Band Pass Filter 60Hz 550Hz 2700Hz 3300Hz | 5V | Frequency Response Relative to 1700Hz @ 0dBm | — | -64 -4 -3 -34 | — | dB |
| | Carrier Detect Sensitivity | 5V | | — | -48 | — | dBm |
| t_{DOSC} | Oscillator Start Up Time | 5V | — | — | 2 | — | ms |
| t_{SUPD} | Power Up to FSK Signal Set Up Time | 5V | — | 15 | — | — | ms |
| t_{DAQ} | Carrier Detect Acquisition Time | 5V | — | — | 14 | — | ms |
| t_{DCH} | End of Data to Carrier Detect High | 5V | — | 8 | — | — | ms |



Functional Description

The HT9032 is designed to be the physical layer demodulator for products targeted for the caller ID market. The data signaling interface should conform to Bell 202, which is described as follows:

- Analog, phase coherent, frequency shift keying
- Logical 1 (Mark)=1200+/-12Hz
- Logical 0 (Space)=2200+/-22Hz
- Transmission rate=1200bps
- Data application=serial, binary, asynchronous

The interface should be arranged to allow simple data transmission from the terminating central office, to the CPE (Customer Premises Equipment), only when the CPE is in an on-hook state. The data will be transmitted in the silent period between the first and second power ring before a voice path is established. The transmission level from the terminating C.O. will be -13.5dBm+/-1.0. The worst case attenuation through the loop is expected to be -20dB. The receiver therefore, should have a sensitivity of approximately -34.5dBm to handle the worst case installations. The ITU-T V.23 is also using the FSK signaling scheme to transmit data in the general switched telephone network. For mode 2 of the V.23, the modulation rate and characteristic frequencies are listed below:

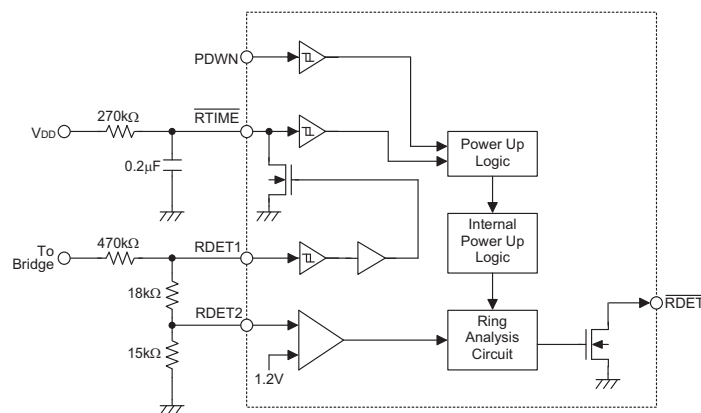
- Analog, phase coherent, frequency shift keying
- Logical 1 (Mark)=1300Hz

- Logical 0 (Space)=2100Hz
- Transmission rate=1200bps

Since the band pass filter of the HT9032 can pass the V.23 signal, hence the HT9032 also can demodulate the V.23 signal.

Ring detection

The data will be transmitted in the silent period between the first and second power ring before a voice path is established. The HT9032 should first detect a valid ring and then perform the FSK demodulation. The typical ring detection circuit of the HT9032 is depicted below. The power ring signal is first rectified through a bridge circuit and then sent to a resistor network that attenuates the incoming power ring. The values of resistors and capacitor given in the figure have been chosen to provide a sufficient voltage at RDET1 pin to turn on the Schmitt trigger input with approximately a 40 Vrms or greater power ring input from tip and ring. When V_{T+} of the Schmitt is exceeded, the NMOS on the pin $\overline{\text{RTIME}}$ will be driven to saturation discharging capacitor on RTIME. This will initialize a partial power up, with only the portions of the part involved with the ring signal analysis enabled, including RDET2 pin. With RDET2 pin enabled, a portion of the power ring above 1.2V is fed to the ring analysis circuit. Once the ring signal is qualified, the $\overline{\text{RDET}}$ pin will be sent low.



Operation mode

There are three operation modes of the HT9032. They are power down mode, partial power up mode, and power up mode. The three modes are classified by the following conditions:

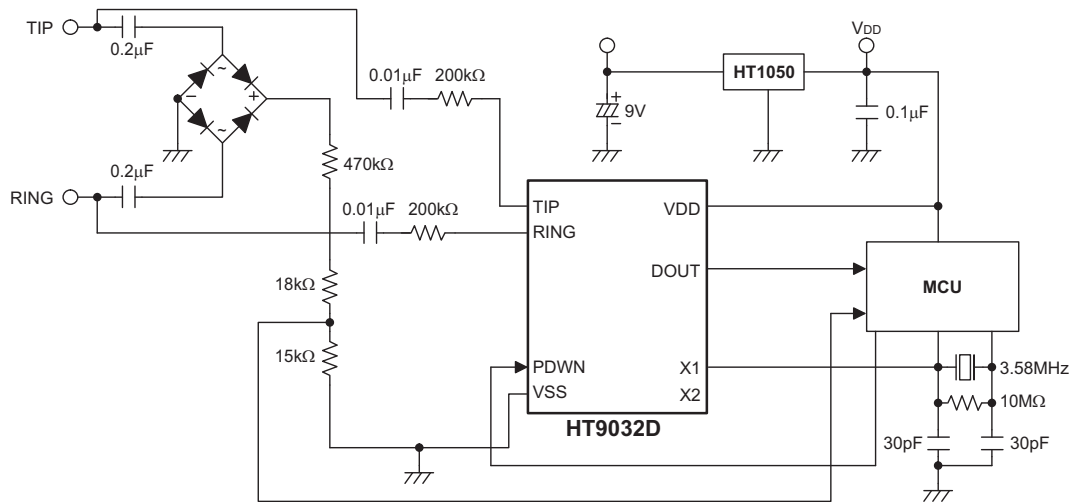
| Modes | Conditions | Current Consumption |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Power down | PDWN="1" and RTIME="1" | <1μA |
| Partial power up | PDWN="1" and RTIME="0" | 1.9mA typically |
| Power up | PDWN="0" | 3.2mA typically |

Normally, the PDWN pin and the $\overline{\text{RTIME}}$ pin control the operation mode of the HT9032. When both pins are HIGH, the HT9032 is set at the power down mode, consuming less than $1\mu\text{A}$ of supply current. When a valid power ring arrives, the $\overline{\text{RTIME}}$ pin will be driven below V_T and the portions of the part involved in the ring signal analysis are enabled. This is partial power up mode, consuming approximately 1.9mA typically. Once the

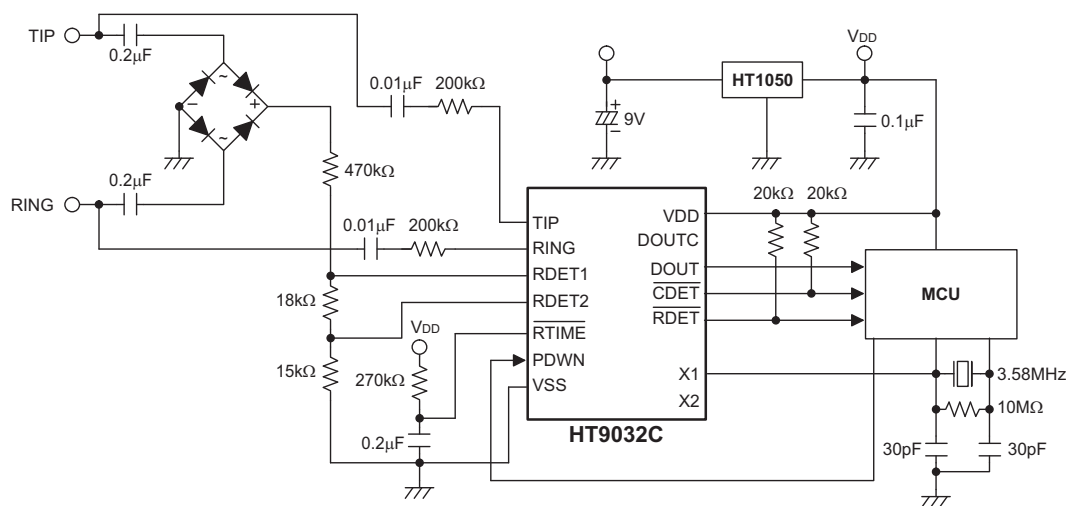
PDWN pin is below V_T , the part will be fully powered up, and ready to receive FSK. During this mode, the device current will increase to approximately 3.2mA (typ). The state of the $\overline{\text{RTIME}}$ pin is now a "don't care" as far as the part is concerned. After the FSK message has been received, the PDWN pin can be allowed to return to V_{DD} and the part will return to the power down mode.

Application Circuits

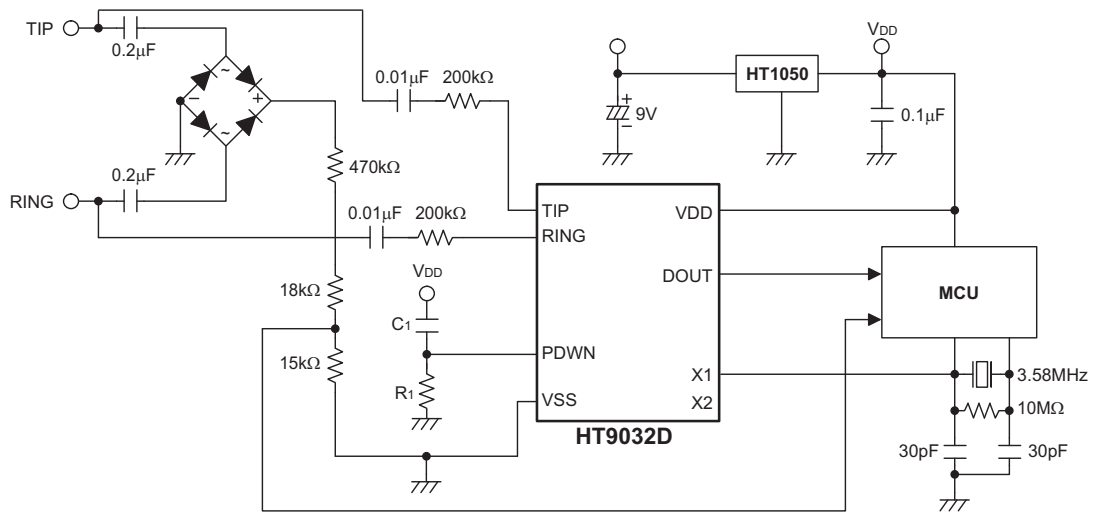
Application circuit 1



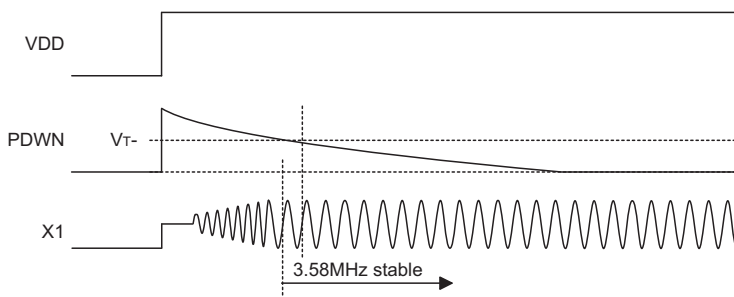
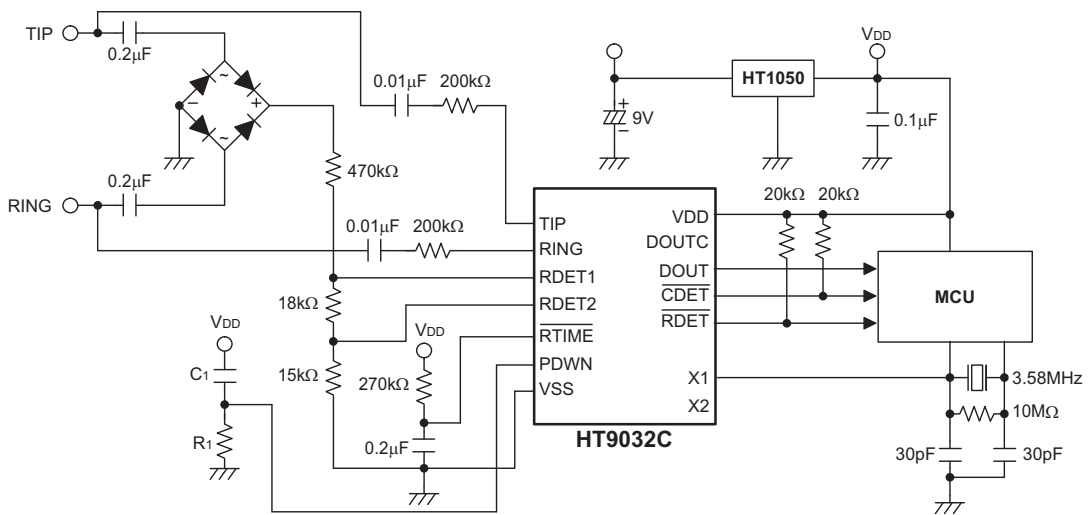
Application circuit 2



Application circuit 3 — power on reset



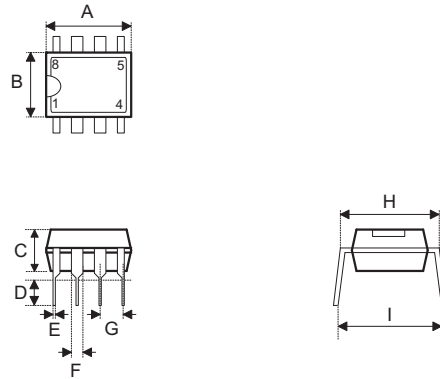
Application circuit 4 — power on reset



Note: reference $C_1=0.1\mu\text{F}$ $R_1=81\text{k}\Omega$

Package Information

8-pin DIP (300mil) Outline Dimensions



| Symbol | Dimensions in mil | | |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|
| | Min. | Nom. | Max. |
| A | 355 | — | 375 |
| B | 240 | — | 260 |
| C | 125 | — | 135 |
| D | 125 | — | 145 |
| E | 16 | — | 20 |
| F | 50 | — | 70 |
| G | — | 100 | — |
| H | 295 | — | 315 |
| I | — | — | 375 |

16-pin DIP (300mil) Outline Dimensions

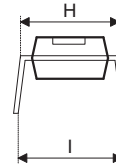
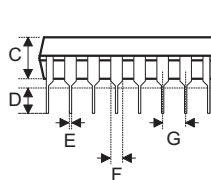
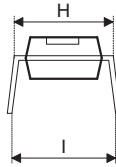
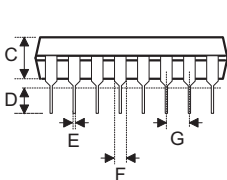
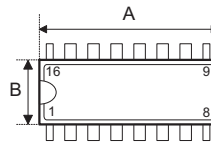
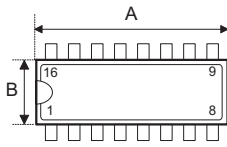


Fig1. Full Lead Packages

Fig2. 1/2 Lead Packages

- MS-001d (see fig1)

| Symbol | Dimensions in mil | | |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|
| | Min. | Nom. | Max. |
| A | 780 | — | 880 |
| B | 240 | — | 280 |
| C | 115 | — | 195 |
| D | 115 | — | 150 |
| E | 14 | — | 22 |
| F | 45 | — | 70 |
| G | — | 100 | — |
| H | 300 | — | 325 |
| I | — | — | 430 |

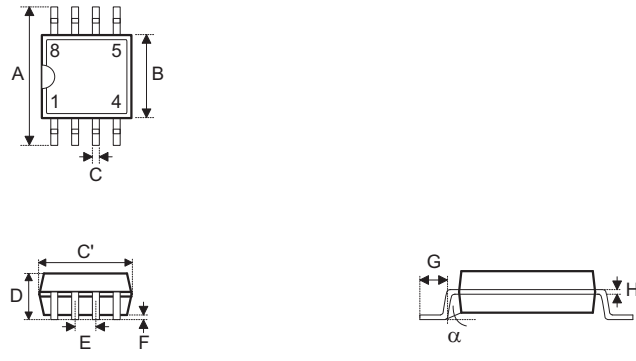
- MS-001d (see fig2)

| Symbol | Dimensions in mil | | |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|
| | Min. | Nom. | Max. |
| A | 735 | — | 775 |
| B | 240 | — | 280 |
| C | 115 | — | 195 |
| D | 115 | — | 150 |
| E | 14 | — | 22 |
| F | 45 | — | 70 |
| G | — | 100 | — |
| H | 300 | — | 325 |
| I | — | — | 430 |

- MO-095a (see fig2)

| Symbol | Dimensions in mil | | |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|
| | Min. | Nom. | Max. |
| A | 745 | — | 785 |
| B | 275 | — | 295 |
| C | 120 | — | 150 |
| D | 110 | — | 150 |
| E | 14 | — | 22 |
| F | 45 | — | 60 |
| G | — | 100 | — |
| H | 300 | — | 325 |
| I | — | — | 430 |

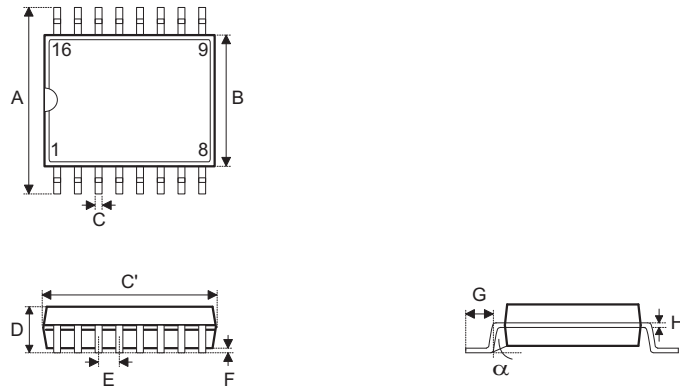
8-pin SOP (150mil) Outline Dimensions



• MS-012

| Symbol | Dimensions in mil | | |
|----------|-------------------|------|------|
| | Min. | Nom. | Max. |
| A | 228 | — | 244 |
| B | 150 | — | 157 |
| C | 12 | — | 20 |
| C' | 188 | — | 197 |
| D | — | — | 69 |
| E | — | 50 | — |
| F | 4 | — | 10 |
| G | 16 | — | 50 |
| H | 7 | — | 10 |
| α | 0° | — | 8° |

16-pin SOP (300mil) Outline Dimensions

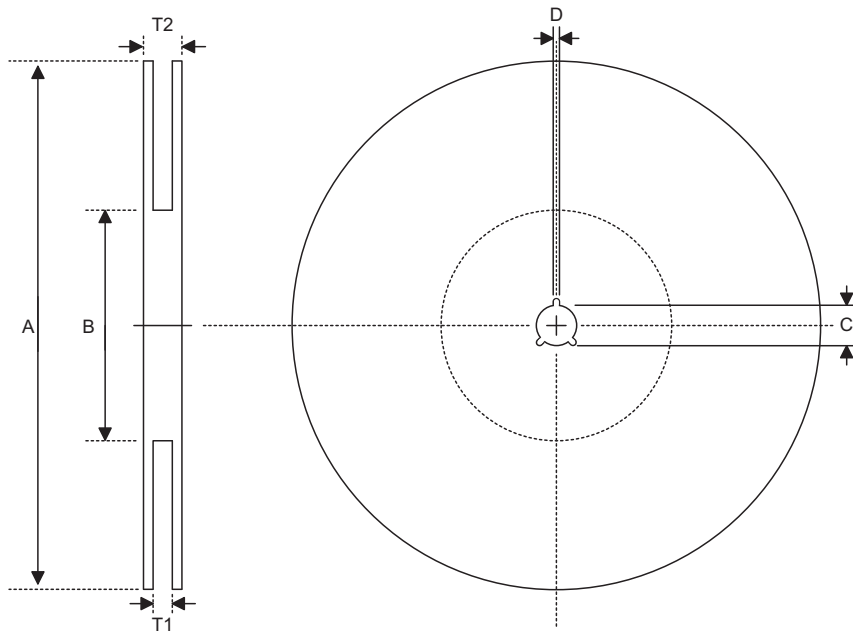


• MS-013

| Symbol | Dimensions in mil | | |
|----------|-------------------|------|------|
| | Min. | Nom. | Max. |
| A | 393 | — | 419 |
| B | 256 | — | 300 |
| C | 12 | — | 20 |
| C' | 398 | — | 413 |
| D | — | — | 104 |
| E | — | 50 | — |
| F | 4 | — | 12 |
| G | 16 | — | 50 |
| H | 8 | — | 13 |
| α | 0° | — | 8° |

Product Tape and Reel Specifications

Reel Dimensions

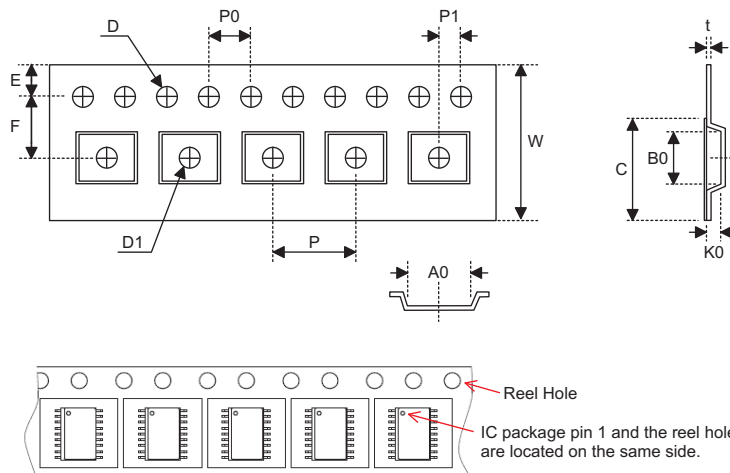


SOP 8N

| Symbol | Description | Dimensions in mm |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| A | Reel Outer Diameter | 330.0±1.0 |
| B | Reel Inner Diameter | 100.0±1.5 |
| C | Spindle Hole Diameter | 13.0 ^{+0.5/-0.2} |
| D | Key Slit Width | 2.0±0.5 |
| T1 | Space Between Flange | 12.8 ^{+0.3/-0.2} |
| T2 | Reel Thickness | 18.2±0.2 |

SOP 16W (300mil)

| Symbol | Description | Dimensions in mm |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| A | Reel Outer Diameter | 330.0±1.0 |
| B | Reel Inner Diameter | 100.0±1.5 |
| C | Spindle Hole Diameter | 13.0 ^{+0.5/-0.2} |
| D | Key Slit Width | 2.0±0.5 |
| T1 | Space Between Flange | 16.8 ^{+0.3/-0.2} |
| T2 | Reel Thickness | 22.2±0.2 |

Carrier Tape Dimensions

SOP 8N

| Symbol | Description | Dimensions in mm |
|--------|--|-----------------------------|
| W | Carrier Tape Width | 12.0 ^{+0.3/-0.1} |
| P | Cavity Pitch | 8.0±0.1 |
| E | Perforation Position | 1.75±0.1 |
| F | Cavity to Perforation (Width Direction) | 5.5±0.1 |
| D | Perforation Diameter | 1.55±0.1 |
| D1 | Cavity Hole Diameter | 1.50 ^{+0.25/-0.00} |
| P0 | Perforation Pitch | 4.0±0.1 |
| P1 | Cavity to Perforation (Length Direction) | 2.0±0.1 |
| A0 | Cavity Length | 6.4±0.1 |
| B0 | Cavity Width | 5.2±0.1 |
| K0 | Cavity Depth | 2.1±0.1 |
| t | Carrier Tape Thickness | 0.30±0.05 |
| C | Cover Tape Width | 9.3±0.1 |

SOP 16W (300mil)

| Symbol | Description | Dimensions in mm |
|--------|--|-----------------------------|
| W | Carrier Tape Width | 16.0±0.2 |
| P | Cavity Pitch | 12.0±0.1 |
| E | Perforation Position | 1.75±0.10 |
| F | Cavity to Perforation (Width Direction) | 7.5±0.1 |
| D | Perforation Diameter | 1.50 ^{+0.10/-0.00} |
| D1 | Cavity Hole Diameter | 1.50 ^{+0.25/-0.00} |
| P0 | Perforation Pitch | 4.0±0.1 |
| P1 | Cavity to Perforation (Length Direction) | 2.0±0.1 |
| A0 | Cavity Length | 10.9±0.1 |
| B0 | Cavity Width | 10.8±0.1 |
| K0 | Cavity Depth | 3.0±0.1 |
| t | Carrier Tape Thickness | 0.30±0.05 |
| C | Cover Tape Width | 13.3±0.1 |

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